| DIAGNOSTICS – SFI SYSTEM (1ZZ–FE) | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|--|
| DTC | P1300 | IGNITER CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (NO.1) | |
| | | | |
| DTC | P1305 | IGNITER CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (NO.2) | |
| | | | |
| DTC | P1310 | IGNITER CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (NO.3) | |
| | | | |
| DTC | P1315 | IGNITER CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (NO.4) | |

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

A Direct Ignition System (DIS) has been adopted. The DIS improves the ignition timing accuracy, reduces the high–voltage loss, and enhances overall reliability of the ignition system by eliminating the distributor. The DIS is a 1–cylinder ignition system which ignites one cylinder with one ignition coil. In the 1–cylinder ignition system, the spark plug is connected to the end of the secondary winding. High voltage generated in the secondary winding is applied directly to the spark plug. The spark of the spark plug passes through from the center electrode to the ground electrode.

The ECM determines ignition timing and outputs the ignition signals (IGT) of each cylinder. Based on IGT signals, the power transistors cut off the current to the primary coil in the ignition coil. At the same time, the igniter also sends an ignition confirmation signal (IGF) as a fail–safe measurement to the ECM.

| DTC No. | DTC Detecting Condition | Trouble Area |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| P1300 P1305 P1310 P1315 | No IGF signal to ECM while engine is running | Ignition system Open or short in IGF and IGT circuit from ignition coil with igniter ignition coil with igniter ECM |

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WIRING DIAGRAM



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

HINT:

- If DTC P1300 is displayed, check No.1 ignition coil with igniter circuit.
- If DTC P1305 is displayed, check No.2 ignition coil with igniter circuit.
- If DTC P1310 is displayed, check No.3 ignition coil with igniter circuit.
- If DTC P1315 is displayed, check No.4 ignition coil with igniter circuit.
- Read freeze frame data using hand-held tester or OBD II scan tool. Because freeze frame records the engine conditions when the malfunction is detected, when troubleshooting it is useful for determining whether the vehicle was running or stopped, the engine warmed up or not, the air-fuel ratio lean or rich, etc. at the time of the malfunction

1 CHECK SPARK PLUG AND SPARK (See page 18–1)

NG Go to step 4

OK

2 CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR(ECM–IGNITION COIL)



HINT:

The procedure below is for NO.1 cylinder. If a malfunction is found on the other cylinders, check the circuit for the cylinder with referring to this procedure.

- (a) Disconnect the ignition coil connector.
- (b) Disconnect the ECM E3 connector.
- (c) Check for open between the terminals IGF of the ECM connector and IGF of the ignition coil connector. Resistance: 1 Ω or less
- (d) Check for short between the terminals IGF of the ECM connector and E1 of the ECM connector. **Resistance: 1 M** Ω or less.





OR REPLACE HARNESS

ОК

AND

05–118

3 INSPECT ECM(CHECK VOLTAGE)



- (a) Disconnect the ignition coil connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- Measure voltage between the terminals IGF of the ECM connector and E1 ECM connector.
 Voltage: 4.5 5.5 V

OK > | REPLACE IGNITION COIL ASSY|

NG

CHECK AND REPLACE ECM

4 CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR(ECM–IGNITION COIL)

A65743

HINT:

The procedure below is for NO.1 cylinder. If a malfunction is found on the other cylinders, check the circuit for the cylinder with referring to this procedure.

- (a) Disconnect the ignition coil connector.
- (b) Disconnect the ECM E3 connector.
- (c) Check for open between the terminals IGT1 of the ECM connector and IGT of the ignition coil connector.
 Resistance: 1 Ω or less
- (d) Check for short between the terminals IGT1 of the ECM connector and E1 of the ECM connector. **Resistance: 1 M** Ω or more.



E1

IGF



REPLACE HARNESS AND

OK

5 INSPECT ECM(CHECK VOLTAGE)



| CH1 (IGT1 – 4) CH2 (IGF) | GND |
|-----------------------------------|--------|
| Ľ | A63956 |

(a) Turn the ignition switch ON.

(b) Measure the voltage between terminals IGT1 – IGT4 of the ECM connector and E1 of the ECM connector when the engine is cranked.

Voltage: More than 0.1 V and less than 4.5 V

HINT:

During cranking or idling, check the waveform between terminals IGT1 – IGT4 and E1 of the ECM connector.

| Item | Contents |
|---------------|---|
| Terminal | CH1: IGT1, IGT2, IGT3, IGT4 – E1 CH2: IGF – E1 |
| Equipment Set | 2V/DIV, 20ms/DIV |
| Condition | While the engine is cranking or idling |

HINT:

Correct waveform appears as shown, with rectangle waves.

CHECK AND REPLACE ECM

OK

6 INSPECT ECM(CHECK VOLTAGE)



- (a) Disconnect the ignition coil with the igniter connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (c) Measure the voltage between terminals IGT1 IGT4 of the ECM connector and E1 of the ECM connector when the engine is cranked.

Voltage: More than 0.1 V and less than 4.5 V

NG > | CHECK AND REPLACE ECM

OK

05-120

7

DIAGNOSTICS - SFI SYSTEM (1ZZ-FE)

CHECK IGNITION COIL ASSY(POWER SOURCE)



(a) Disconnect the ignition coil with the igniter connector.

- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (c) Measure voltage between terminals +B and GND of the ignition coil with the igniter connector.

Voltage: 9 - 14 V

OK > | REPAIR OR REPLACE POWER SOURCE|

NG

8

CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (IGNITION SWITCH-IGNITION COIL)



- (a) Disconnect the ignition coil with igniter connector.
- (b) Disconnect the ignition switch connector.
- (c) Check for open between the terminals +B of the ignition coil with igniter connector and IG2 of the ignition switch. **Resistance: 1** Ω or less



NG REPAIR OR CONNECTOR REPLACE HARNESS AND

OK

REPLACE IGNITION COIL ASSY